







The rise and decline of full-fledged Retakaful

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The rise and decline of the full-fledged Retakaful model

- Retakaful Landscape; History and present;
- Is the present provision of Re-Takaful fit for purpose?
- Are there ways in which Re-Takaful provision can be improved in the light of the last two decades of experience?
- Conclusion



Retakaful

2 Generations:

- ✓ Before 2005:
 - 2 Retakaful, IIRCo., ITRCo., ARIL, today disappeared;
 - BEST Re, on run-off, since 2013-2014;
- √ Since 2005:
- ✓ Takaful Re, full fledged currently on Run -off:
- ✓ Hannover Re, growing;
- ✓ Swiss Re Takaful;
- ✓ Munich Re Takaful (Family Takaful only)
- ✓ MNRB Takaful; full fledged; on run-off currently
- ✓ ACR Takaful SEA + Bahrain; currently struggling to survive
- ✓ Al Fajr, currently Emirates Re
- √ Windows:
 - ✓ Labuan Re;
 - ✓ Africa Re; special focus on African markets;
 - √ Tunis Re
 - ✓ Arab Re; very small portfolio;
 - ✓ Gen Re;
 - ✓ Malaysian Re Takaful; new window



Types of Retakaful

- Full fledged, writing Takaful business exclusively;
 - Hybrid model, mainly;
- Writing conventional "Halal" Business;
 - Hybrid or Waqf models;
 - Substantial capital;
- Subsidiaries of International Groups
 - Hybrid or Waqf models;
 - Benefit from parent expertise, capacity and/or capital;
- Windows of regional players
 - Benefit from parent company capital and expertise;
 - Most of them are regional to accommodate their existing clients;



Retakaful Companies(1) (*)

	ARIL	BEST Re	Takaful Re	Hannover Re	Labuan Re Takaful	MNRB Takaful	
Launching	1997	1985	Dec 2005	2006	Retakaful Division 2007	Dec 2006	
Capital (millions \$)	Paid USD14.1	100	125 paid	55 paid up 135 Authorized		(US 31m)	
Shareholders	Syrikat Takaful IDB	Salama	Arig IDB	Hanover Re	Labuan Re	MNRB	
Rating	Non	BBB+ (S&P) A- (AM Best)	BBB stable (S&P)	A+ stable (S&P)	AM Best A- Fitch IFS A- (stable)	A-	
Takaful Model	Mudharaba	•	Wakala policyholder's Mudharaba for investment	Wakala/ Mudharaba	Pure Wakalah Retakaful	Wakalah, optional Mudharabah/	
Business Model	Takaful / Conventional Mix	Conventional / Takaful Mix	Takaful only Outsourcing Arig	Retakaful only; Now doing also Conventional	Conventional + Takaful	Takaful Cos only in treaties. Fac conventional halal risks	

(*) Extract form a 2009 ITS PPT; Companies in grey closed or in run-off

Retakaful Companies (2)

	ACR ME + SEA	AL FAJER Re Emirates Re	SAUDI Re	Tokio Marine
Launching	2008	May 2008	2008	September 2004
Capital Million \$	300	188 Now 120	267	Auth 170 Paid 17
Shareholders	Khazana + Dubai Group	GFH + Dubai Group	Al Ghosaibi, Jordan Islamic Bank (listed)	Tokyo Marine Holding
Rating	A- AM BEST	Al Fajer was "A-" Now "B++" positive outlook AM BEST	BBB+ stable S & P	AA S & P
Takaful Model	Wakala + Mudharaba	Wakala + Mudharaba	Cooperative	
Business Model	Takaful + Conventional	Takaful+ Conventional	Takaful+ Conventioael	Life

(*) Munich Re & SwissRe windows are not included

Weakness of Retakaful

- Shareholders short term strategy; opportunistic approach, looking for returns, mainly for investment;
- The current size of Takaful markets; without Iran, total GWP 14.7 in 2014, including KSA (50%);
- Ceded business is around 30% or less, because companies are mainly Motor & medical;
- Leakage of business from Takaful to conventional reinsurers till now;
- Underlying Takaful business is not performing well;
 - Takaful: new entrants, writing mainly Motor, Medical and under priced LOB;
 - Very competitive markets, especially in MENA;
- Rating: without an "A" rating, Retakaful cannot lead Treaties, and therefore are penalized by different terms and additional commissions;
- Structure of portfolios: 80% + proportional treaties; 20% Non-Proportional treaties and Facultative;
- Underwriting bouquets across the Board i.e. they cannot have a selective approach;



Weakness of Retakaful

- Unbalanced Portfolios, volatility and insufficient reserves to face CAT-NAT or severe losses;
- Limited geographical spread, with concentration in MENA and SEA
- High losses frequency in Motor and Medical impacting the Net L/R
- High Wakala; makes de-facto the C/R> 100
- Regional players lack of expertise, in comparison with international players;
- Impact of 2008 financial crash: very low interest rates; Sukuk returns and;
- Sanctions on Iran, Sudan and Syria closed these three markets to Retakaful;
- Regulation: in very competitive markets, lack of regulation is not helping Takaful, and therefore Retakaful to achieve technical profits; in KSA, actuarial pricing is a "blessing" for the market;

From the Retakaful experience, adopting a full-fledged model, with market conditions is not the "recipe for success";

current



Strengths of Retakaful

• International reinsurers:

- ✓ Positive brand impact: Swiss Re, Munich Re, Hannover;
- ✓ Economies of scale; and from advantageous treaties conditions;
- ✓ Low operating cost, implies very low Wakala and ability to generate surplus or at least to break-even;
- ✓ Huge capacities; reduced retrocession cost; pricing and leading programs;
- ✓ Expertise in Life and sophisticated LOB;
- ✓ Long term strategy;
- ✓ Diversification; less accumulation from same territories;

Regional reinsurers:

- ✓ Conventional business;
- ✓ Portfolio diversification;
- ✓ Close and knowledge of their markets;
- ✓ Progressive portfolio build-up and operating cost reduction;



Is the present provision of Re-Takaful fit for purpose?

- Full fledged, writing Takaful business exclusively;
 - This model is not working, as the volume an quality of Takaful business are not "good enough" to make it profitable;
- Writing conventional "Halal" Business;
 - Can be successful; however, the experience needs time and volume to prove the model superiority;
 - Need for diversification: Life, Industrial and Commercial risks;
 - Need for regional diversification;
- Subsidiaries of International Groups:
 - Family Takaful: the experience appears positive
 - General Takaful: after a period of negative performances, a real improvement has been observed;
- Windows of regional players:
 - We do not have enough data, therefore, regional players should publish their "stand alone" FS to assess their performances;



Are there ways in which Re-Takaful provision can be improved in the light of the last two decades of experience?

Retakaful should be part of an international reinsurer;

and/or:

- Have a large portfolio diversification;
- Act a leader with an "A" rating;
- Accept conventional business;
- Have a long term strategy;



Remaining positive...

Retakaful was a missing link in the Takaful chain; therefore, it still needs to be developed and encouraged; multiple reasons for being optimistic;

- Muslim world young population;
- Existing potential for Takaful; insurance / Takaful steady growth in MENA and SEA;

To succeed, Retakaful should:

- Adopt a Takaful mindset and comply with Shari'a, even when accepting conventional;
- Geographical and by LOB diversification and improve their underwriting performance;
- Avoid accumulated deficits by writing-off any Qard; or no surplus, no dividend;



Thank you;



